

send us here, it is important that we recognize the essential role of citizen participation in our form of government. Just one example of the practical application of this concept which I am honored to bring to the attention of my colleagues is the work done by the American Dental Hygienists' Association, the members of that organization from across Illinois and especially those in the 5th Congressional District of Illinois which I am honored to represent.

I want to recognize the tremendous work performed by these dedicated professionals who promote total health through quality oral care. Every year, they take time from their busy schedules to come to Washington and make sure that their voice is heard in the national debate over health care and other important issues of the day. In addition to taking continuing education courses, these leaders of the profession set policy for the association and strategize as to how to best fulfill the association's mission to improve the oral health of the public.

In 1923, the American Dental Hygienists' Association was established to enhance communication and mutual cooperation among dental hygienists. Today, ADHA is the largest national organization representing the professional interests of the more than 100,000 registered dental hygienists (RDHs) in the United States.

ADHA members work to improve the public's total health and to advance the art and science of their profession. In doing so, they play a critical role in meeting the needs of so many people in this country.

I appreciate their commitment and commend to my colleagues their example of civic participation and professional dedication.

HONORING BARBARA CASEY OF WASHINGTON STATE

HON. JAY INSLEE

OF WASHINGTON

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 19, 2000

Mr. INSLEE. Mr. Speaker, it is with great pleasure that I honor Ms. Barbara Casey for a long and dedicated career in improving the educational system in Washington State.

Ms. Casey, in her professional career and voluntary activities, has shown a commitment to improving the lives of students at home and in school. She began her work in education as a technical operator for a weekly public radio talk show on education issues. Then she moved her volunteer work into the school. She has served as a health room volunteer, classroom volunteer, library aide, reading aide, phoneathon volunteer, C2B2 Committee member and lobbyist. Barbara has also been the Legislation Chair for the Issaquah PTSA Council and Sunset PTA Board of Directors.

Her presence in the Parent Teacher Association (PTA) is especially notable. She has served as the Sunset PTA Board President and received the Golden Acorn Award twice from the Sunset PTA and Issaquah PTSA Council. In addition, Barbara has volunteered on an impressive list of education organizations. Her work is well known on the Sunset Elementary Shared Management Team, Big Idea Grant Committee, State PTA Legislation Committee and Issaquah Family Service Net-

work Task Force. Her outstanding contributions to the Community Health and Safety Network brought gubernatorial recognition.

Since 1994, Barbara has served as the first Government Relations Director of the Washington State PTA. Though an unusual position on a state PTA, it reflects the progressive nature of her work for education. Instead of merely reacting to the decisions of other education administrators, she has been proactive in her advocacy of children's education needs. Barbara has been a model of the PTA mission to speak on behalf of children in schools and the community, assist parents in developing skills to raise their children and encouraging parent and public involvement in public schools.

Mr. Speaker, I want to voice my appreciation and commendation for Barbara Casey. She reflects the best of what parents and other education advocates bring to our schools.

IN MEMORY OF MISSOURI GOVERNOR MEL CARNAHAN

HON. IKE SKELTON

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 19, 2000

Mr. SKELTON. Mr. Speaker, it is with deep sadness that I inform the House of the death of my good friend Governor Mel Carnahan, of Rolla, Missouri.

Governor Carnahan, 66, the fifty-first Governor of the State of Missouri, his son Roger Andrew "Randy" Carnahan, and a long-time advisor, Chris Sifford, died in an airplane crash on October 16, 2000, in rural Jefferson County.

Born in the small Ozark town of Birch Tree, Missouri, in 1934, Governor Carnahan lived his early years in Shannon and Carter Counties. He was the son of rural schoolteachers, and he carried on a longstanding family commitment to education during his distinguished career of public service. His father, the late A.S.J. Carnahan, a contemporary of President Harry Truman, served in the United States Congress for 14 years before being named by President Kennedy as the first U.S. Ambassador to Sierra Leone. His mother, the late Mary Carnahan, was an inspiration to hundreds of school children during her many years as a high school English teacher.

Governor Carnahan began his lifelong commitment to public service at the young age of 26, when he was elected municipal judge in his hometown of Rolla in 1961. Two years later, he won a seat in the Missouri House of Representatives and was elected Majority Floor Leader in his second term. Following his four years in the Missouri House, he returned to his hometown of Rolla where he built a successful law practice. In 1980, he was overwhelmingly elected State Treasurer and served in this position for four years. The Governor returned to public office in 1988, becoming Missouri's 42nd Lieutenant Governor. In a landslide victory in 1992, he won the Governor's office and Missouri voters returned him to office for a second term in 1996.

Governor Carnahan was running for the United States Senate, after two remarkably successful four-year terms as Governor. Among the major accomplishments of his ad-

ministration were the Outstanding Schools Act, a comprehensive package of reforms, new resources and accountability measures to improve Missouri's public schools; major tax relief for working families; welfare reform; some of the toughest anti-crime laws in the nation; and primary health care services for thousands of previously uninsured Missouri children. Governor Carnahan will forever be remembered as an advocate for children and working families.

Governor Carnahan held a Bachelor's Degree in business administration from George Washington University and graduated from the University of Missouri-Columbia Law School in 1959 with the highest scholastic honors—Law Review and Order of the Coif. He was a United States Air Force veteran, a 33rd degree Mason, and a longtime member of the First Baptist Church in Rolla. He served as Chairman of both the Southern and Democratic Governors' Association.

Mr. Speaker, Mel Carnahan was a good friend and a truly great American. I know the Members of the House will join me in extending heartfelt condolences to his family: his wife of 46 years, Jean Carnahan; two sons, Russ and Tom Carnahan; one daughter, Robin Carnahan, of St. Louis; one daughter-in-law, Debra Carnahan; one brother and sister-in-law, Bob and Oma Carnahan, and two grandsons, Austin and Andrew.

AMENDING PERISHABLE AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES ACT

SPEECH OF

HON. GARY A. CONDIT

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 17, 2000

Mr. CONDIT. Mr. Speaker, Thank you, Speaker HASTERT and Mr. GEPHARDT for scheduling this bill on today's suspension calendar and bringing this important matter to the floor.

The Hunt's Point incident represents a serious threat to the entire produce industry. The acceptance of bribes by USDA inspectors erodes public trust in an inspection system meant to provide security and consistency to the produce industry as well as consumers. This legislation is the fruit of a continuous and effective dialog between the USDA and Congress to address the serious problems raised by this scandal.

On October 27, 1999, eight USDA fruit and vegetable inspectors were convicted of accepting bribes for downgrading loads of produce so that receivers could negotiate lower prices with shippers. Inspection certificates originally issued by USDA were held by the U.S. Attorney General and USDA OIG as key evidence in the criminal investigation. These same certificates are also necessary to establishing a PACA claim. As a result of the investigation, some growers and shippers did not recover those vital inspection certificates until as recently as June 23. Since the deadline for filing claims was July 27, this did not allow for sufficient time to review and process those claims.

For these reasons, I introduce along with Chairman POMBO this legislation to extend the filing deadline for PACA claims related to Hunt's Point to January 1, 2001.